

**Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) (Part—I) Semester—I Examination**  
**STATISTICS**  
**(Probability Theory)**  
**Optional Paper—1**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 50]

1. (A) Discuss the following three approaches to the definition of probability :

- (i) Classical
- (ii) Richard Von-Mises
- (iii) Axiomatic.

Hence give classical, empirical and axiomatic definitions of probability stating relative merits and demerits of these definitions. 10

**OR**

(E) Define :

- (i) Mutually exclusive events
- (ii) Equally likely events
- (iii) Exhaustive events

giving an example of each. If A and B are any two events then show that :

$$P(A \cap \bar{B}) = P(A) - P(A \cap B).$$

If A is a subset of B, then show that  $P(\bar{A} \cap B) = P(B) - P(A)$ . Hence show that  $P(A) \leq P(B)$ .

(F) Two fair dice are thrown. Let A denote the event that the numbers on the two dice differ by more than 2. Let B denote the event that the product of the two numbers is even. Find :

- (i)  $P(A) \& P(B)$
- (ii)  $P(A \cap \bar{B})$
- (iii)  $P(A \cup B)$
- (iv)  $P(\bar{A} \cap \bar{B})$ . 5+5

2. (A) Define partition of a sample space. State and prove Baye's theorem. I travel to work by route

A or route B. The probability that I choose route A is  $\frac{1}{4}$ . The probability that I am late for work

if I go via route A is  $2/5$  and the corresponding probability if I go via route B is  $1/3$ . Find the probability that :

- (i) I am late for work on a day.
- (ii) If I am late for work, I went via route B. 10

**OR**

(E) Define pair-wise and mutual independence of  $n$  events  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$ . If  $A, B$  and  $C$  are the events in the sample space such that these are pair-wise independent and  $A$  is independent of  $B \cup C$ . Then show that,  $A, B$  and  $C$  are mutually independent.

(F) Define conditional probability  $P(A|B)$ . State and prove multiplicative law for  $n$  events  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$ . If from a shipment of 20 television tubes of which 5 are defective tubes, we choose 2 television tubes one by one in succession without replacement. What is the probability that both will be defective tubes ? 5+5

3. (A) Define a random variable and a discrete random variable giving one example of each. Also define the probability mass function and cumulative distribution function of a random variable. A box contains 3 defective and 3 non-defective bolts. Suppose 3 bolts are picked at random from the box. Let  $X$  denote the number of defective bolts chosen in the sample. Find the pmf and cdf of  $X$ . Draw the graphs of pmf and cdf. 10

### OR

(E) State and prove the properties of cumulative distribution function of a random variable. Let  $X$  be a r.v. with the following pdf  $f(x)$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= cx(2 - x) & ; 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ &= 0 & ; \text{Otherwise} \end{aligned}$$

Find :

- (i) The value of  $c$
- (ii) cdf of  $X$
- (iii)  $P[1/4 \leq X \leq 3/4]$
- (iv)  $P[X > 3/2]$
- (v)  $P[X \leq 5/4]$ .

10

4. (A) Define the three measures of location of a probability distribution. Explain how these are calculated for a discrete rv and for a continuous rv. Also, compare these measures. Let  $X$  be a r.v. with the following pmf :

$x$	0	1	2	3	4
$p(x)$	$1/8$	$3/8$	$1/8$	$2/8$	$1/8$

Find the mean, mode and median of  $X$ .

10

### OR

(E) Define the  $r^{\text{th}}$  raw moment about origin and  $r^{\text{th}}$  central moment of the probability distribution of a r.v. Let  $X$  be a r.v. with the pdf  $f(x)$  given by,  $f(x) = 2x$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  and is zero otherwise. Find the first three raw moments of  $X$  about origin. Hence obtain  $\mu_2$ ,  $\mu_3$  and  $\beta_1$ . Comment upon the skewness of the probability distribution of  $X$ . 10

5. Solve any **ten** questions out of the following :

(A) 8 students are randomly selected to occupy 8 chairs around a circular table. What is the probability that two named students will be next to each other ?

(B) Define a discrete sample space giving an example.

(C) Can two mutually exclusive events be independent ? Justify the answer.

(D) If  $A$  and  $B$  are independent events then  $P(A|B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  and  $P(B|A) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ . (Fill in the blanks)

(E) From a pack of 52 cards, if a heart card is picked at random then what is the probability that it is a picture card ?

(F) A fair coin is tossed 2 times; Find the pmf of number of tails observed in 2 tosses of coin.

(G) Show that  $P(A|B) + P(\bar{A}|B) = 1$ .

(H) The cdf of a r.v.  $X$  is given by :

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & ; x < 0 \\ \frac{x^3}{27} & ; 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 1 & ; x > 3 \end{cases}$$

Find its pdf.

(I) Show that  $V(aX) = a^2V(X)$ , where  $a$  is constant and  $X$  is a r.v.

(J) Define the mgf of a r.v.

(K) If  $P(s)$  is the probability generating function of a r.v.  $X$ , then find the pgf of  $\frac{X-a}{b}$ .

(L) If the first two raw moments about the value 2 of the probability distribution of a r.v.  $X$  are 3 and 25 respectively, then find its mean and variance.  $1 \times 10 = 10$